Correct. Draw the angle in standard position: it has its initial side on the *x*-axis and moves counter-clockwise to the terminal side. The terminal side is in the second quadrant, because the angle measure is between 90° (the positive *y*-axis) and 180° (the negative *x*-axis). In particular:

$$97^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} - 83^{\circ}$$

This tells you that the terminal side is 83° above the negative *x*-axis. To say this another way, the *x*-axis and the terminal side form an 83° angle. This is the reference angle.