

Correct. Draw the angle in standard position: it has its initial side on the  $x$ -axis and moves counter-clockwise to the terminal side. The terminal side is in the fourth quadrant, because the angle measure is between  $270^\circ$  (the negative  $y$ -axis) and  $360^\circ$  (the positive  $x$ -axis). In particular:

$$350^\circ = 360^\circ - 10^\circ$$

This tells you that the terminal side is  $10^\circ$  below the positive  $x$ -axis. To say this another way, the  $x$ -axis and the terminal side form a  $10^\circ$  angle. This is the reference angle.