

$\pi$  radians corresponds to the point  $(-1, 0)$  on the unit circle. The coordinates of this point give you the values of  $\cos \pi$  and  $\sin \pi$ . Therefore, you can use the point  $(-1, 0)$  to find a point on the graph of sine or cosine, but  $(-1, 0)$  is not on either of those graphs.