Correct. The amplitude is 4 . This tells you that the *y*-coordinate of the low point is -4. Because the coefficient 4 is positive, the graph has the same orientation as  $y = \cos x$ .

The period of this function is  $\frac{2\pi}{\pi}=2$ . Therefore, each hill and each valley will extend over an interval of length 1 (half of a cycle). One hill will have the *y*-axis running through the middle and will lie on the interval  $\left[-\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right]$ . Next to it is a valley on  $\left[\frac{1}{2},\frac{3}{2}\right]$ , and then a hill on  $\left[\frac{3}{2},\frac{5}{2}\right]$ . The low point is in the middle of the valley, so the *x*-coordinate is 1.