Correct. Applying the distance formula, you find $13 = \sqrt{(1-6)^2 + (y-4)^2} = \sqrt{25 + (y-4)^2}$, so $13^2 = \left(\sqrt{25 + (y-4)^2}\right)^2$. Solving this equation for *y*, you find $169 = 25 + (y-4)^2$, so $144 = (y-4)^2$. Take the square root of both sides: 12 = y - 4 or 12 = -(y-4). If y - 4 = 12, then y = 16 and if -(y-4) = 12, then y - 4 = -12, so y = -8. Since both of these answers give points (1, *y*) that are 13 units from (6,4), *y* can be either 16 or -8.