The slope-intercept form of a line is intercept. You ignored the negative so $b=-3$, not 3.	y = mx + b, where y sign in the y -value of	<i>m</i> is equal to the slope f the given point (0, —3	e of the line and <i>b</i> is eq B). This is the <i>y</i> -intercep	ual to the <i>y</i> - ot of the line,